

M.E. First Semester (Mechanical Engineering (Thermal Engg.)) (New-CGS)
13507 : Fluid Dynamics : 1 MTE 3

P. Pages : 2

Time : Three Hours



AU - 3361

Max. Marks : 80

- Notes :
1. All question carry equal marks.
 2. Assume suitable data wherever necessary.
 3. Illustrate your answer necessary with the help of neat sketches.
 4. Use of pen Blue/Black ink/refill only for writing book.
 5. Answer **three** question from section A and **three** question from section B.

SECTION - A

1. a) Give complete classification of fluid flows, with brief explanation of each. 7
 - b) Define explain and sketch the following terms by giving examples of each : 7
 - i) Laminar and turbulent flow.
 - ii) Rotational & Irrotational flow.
 - iii) Vortex flow.
2. a) Distinguish between following terms : 6
 - i) Steady and unsteady flow.
 - ii) Uniform and nonuniform flow.
 - iii) Streamlines and equipotential lines.
 - b) Define, sketch & explain the following terms. 7
 - i) Velocity potential function
 - ii) Stream function
3. a) Show that for irrotational motion of incompressible fluid $\nabla \times \mathbf{V} = 0$. 6
 - b) Explain the uniform flow with source and sink. Obtain an expression for stream and velocity potential function. 7
4. a) What do you mean by continuity equation ? Derive it. 6
 - b) A flow field is specified by - 7
$$\mathbf{V} = i x^2 y + i y^2 z - k (2xyz + yz^2)$$
Calculate velocity and acceleration at point (2, 1, 3)
5. a) Sketch the flow pattern of an ideal fluid flow past a cylinder with circulation. 6
 - b) A uniform flow of 12 m/s is flowing over a doublet of strength 18 m²/sec. The doublet is in the line of the uniform flow. Determine : 7
 - i) Shape of the Rankine oval
 - ii) Radius of Rankine oval
 - iii) Value of stream line function at Rankine circle.

SECTION - B

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| 6. | a) | Describe the phenomenon of Boundary layer separation when the flow takes over a curved surface. What are the different methods of controlling boundary layer separation ? | 7 |
| | b) | What is sound ? How it is generated ? How does it travel ? Can sound waves travel through vacuum ? | 7 |
| 7. | a) | Explain Prandtl's Meyer function and also find the working equation for it. | 6 |
| | b) | A projectile is travelling in air having pressure and temperature as 8.829 N/cm^2 and -10°C at a speed of 1200 km/hr . Find the Mach Number and Mach angle. Take $K = 1.4$ and $R = 287 \text{ J/kg K}$. | 7 |
| 8. | a) | Derive the integrated form of the momentum equation for the boundary layer over a flat plate. | 6 |
| | b) | For a laminar boundary layer over a flat plate, if the velocity distribution is assumed to be $u = A + By + Cy^2 + Dy^3$ determine its form using the necessary boundary conditions. | 7 |
| 9. | a) | With the neat sketch explain the development of boundary layer along a thin flat smooth plate held parallel to a uniform flow and explain its salient features. | 6 |
| | b) | What do you mean by subsonic, sonic & supersonic flows ? What is Mach Number. What is its relation with speed, explain by examples & figures. | 7 |
| 10. | a) | Discuss Karman's similarity hypothesis in brief. | 6 |
| | b) | Explain Eddy viscosity ? How does it differ from the viscosity of fluid ? | 7 |
