## M.E. Second Semester (Civil (Structural Engineering)) (New-CGS)

## 13095 : Elective Substructures and Foundation Design : 2 SFSE 5

P. Pages: 1 Time: Four Hours			\$ MARKET THERE THERE THERE THERE THERE THE THE THE THE THE THE THE THE THE TH	<b>AW - 3893</b> Max. Marks : 80	
	Not	tes: 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6.	Answer any four questions.  Due credit will be given to neatness and adequate dimensions.  Assume suitable data wherever necessary.  Illustrate your answer necessary with the help of neat sketches.  I.S. 456 (Revised) may be consulted.  Use of pen Blue/Black ink/refill only for writing the answer book.		
1.	a)	i) G	in following types of abutments.  iravity abutments.  ii) U - abutments.  iu) Counter fort abutments.	8	
	b)	i) H ii) D iii) S iv) U v) S vi) A vii) S	The counterfort retaining wall for the following data.  Height of wall above ground = 8 m.  Height of foundation = 1.5m.  Here are the following data.  Here	12	
2.			from the first principle the equation for deflection, slope and shear force at point for ely long beam resting on elastic foundation subjected to a point load 'p'.	20	
3.		i) C ii) N iii) H	n the following. classification of piles. degative skin friction in piles. andling and erection stresses in piles. design criterion for block type machine foundation.	20	
4.		Design a pile cap for a RCC column $400x400mm$ carrying a load of $600kN$ is supon three piles $400x400mm$ in section. The Centre to Centre distance between pile use $m_{20}$ concrete and Fe 415 steel.		20	
5.		415 an momer 200kN	isolated footing for a column $400x600$ mm reinforced with 6.25mm bars with Fe d $M_{25}$ concrete subjected to factored load of 1200kN and factored uniaxial at of 130kN-m with respect to major axis. Assume moments are reversible. SBC = $/m^2$ at a depth of 1.25m. $M_{25}$ and Fe 415.	20	
6.	a)	Explain	n the term modulus of subgrade reaction. How it is determined?	, 6	
	b)	A floor	r is supported on six columns as shown below.	14	

Live load (kN) 100 300 250 360 400 100

If SBC of soil is 150 kN/m<sup>2</sup>. Explain and provide the proportioning of footing.

1

500

\*\*\*\*\*\*

600

3

700

4

500

5

600

6

700

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Column No.

Dead load (kN)

