

B.Sc. Part—III Semester—V Examination

PHYSICS

Time : Three Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 80

- Note** :—(1) All questions are compulsory.
 (2) Draw neat diagram wherever necessary.

Constants :Mass of an electron (m_e) = 9.11×10^{-31} kgPlanck's constant (h) = 6.63×10^{-34} J.S.Velocity of light (c) = 3×10^8 m/s

1. (A) Fill in the blanks :— 2
- (i) Stopping potential is directly proportional to _____ of incident radiation.
- (ii) Stern Gerlach experiment proves the concept of _____.
- (iii) G.M. counter should be operated in _____ region.
- (iv) Multivibrator has _____ feedback.
- (B) Choose correct alternative :— 2
- (i) Astable Multivibrator uses _____ energy strong element.
- (a) one (b) two
- (c) three (d) four
- (ii) The constant h is equal to :
- (a) $\frac{h}{2\pi}$ (b) $\frac{2\pi}{h}$
- (c) $2\pi h$ (d) $\frac{h}{2}$
- (iii) The noise generated in resistors, vacuum tubes, transistors and in any conductor is known as _____ noise.
- (a) Internal (b) External
- (c) Short (d) Partition

- (iv) Small letters like s, p, d, f and i, s, j are used to describe the state of _____.
- (a) atom (b) molecule
(c) electron (d) ions

(C) Answer in **ONE** sentence :— 4

- (i) What is Raman shift ?
(ii) What is Photon ?
(iii) What is positive feedback ?
(iv) What is beta decay ?

EITHER

2. (A) Give assumptions of Planck's Quantum theory. 3
(B) What is threshold frequency and stopping potential in photoelectric effect ? 3
(C) Define Group velocity and Phase velocity and derive relation between them. 6

OR

3. (P) Explain dual Nature of Matter. 3
(Q) State and explain Heisenberg's uncertainty principle. 3
(R) Describe Davisson and Germer Experiment to prove wave nature of electron. 6

EITHER

4. (A) What do you mean by tunneling through the barrier ? 3
(B) What are the conditions and limitations that the wave function must satisfy ? 3
(C) Obtain three dimensional time independent Schrodinger wave equation from time dependent Schrodinger's equation. 6

OR

5. (P) Obtain Schrodinger wave equation for simple Harmonic Oscillator. 3
(Q) Obtain the quantum mechanical operator for momentum. 3
(R) Obtain an expression for the wave function for a particle in three dimensional box and show that energies of particle are given by :

$$E = \frac{\pi^2 h^2}{2m} \left[\frac{n_x^2}{a^2} + \frac{n_y^2}{b^2} + \frac{n_z^2}{c^2} \right] \quad 6$$

EITHER

6. (A) What are selection rules ? Explain L-S coupling. 3
 (B) Explain quantum theory of Raman effect. 4
 (C) Describe the experimental arrangement for the study of Raman effect. 5

OR

7. (P) State and explain Duane Hunts's Law. 4
 (Q) What is L-S coupling ? 2
 (R) What are quantum numbers ? Explain the significance of four quantum numbers. 6

EITHER

8. (A) State the properties of neutrino. 2
 (B) Explain :—
 (i) Quenching
 (ii) Plateau-region. 4
 (C) What is the range of alpha particles ? Describe experimental method for its determination. 6

OR

9. (P) State the uses of Nuclear Reactor. 2
 (Q) Explain the different types of β -decay. 6
 (R) Explain :—
 (i) Binding energy
 (ii) Nuclear stability. 4

EITHER

10. (A) What is class A amplifier ? 2
 (B) State and explain different types of distortions in amplifier. 6
 (C) Obtain two basic equations of hybrid parameters for transistor in CE mode. 4

OR

11. (P) What is an operating point ? 2
 (Q) Obtain an expression for the gain of Cascade amplifier. 4
 (R) Draw hybrid equivalent circuit of two stage RC coupled amplifier for mid frequency region and discuss its gain frequency response. 6

EITHER

12. (A) Explain the voltage series and current series negative feedback. 4
(B) Discuss the construction and working of phase shift oscillator with diagram. 6
(C) State advantages of Wein Bridge Oscillator. 2

OR

13. (P) Discuss the operation of bistable multivibrator with diagram. 5
(Q) What is Barkhausen Criterion for oscillation ? 2
(R) Explain the action of monostable multivibrator with neat diagram. 5