B.Sc. Part—III Semester—V Examination BOTANY

(Plant Physiology & Ecology)

| Time | : T | Three | Hours] | | [Maximum Ma | erks : 80 | | |
|------|-----|-------|---|------|-------------------------------|------------------|--|--|
| Note | : | -(1) | There are seven questions in all. | | | | | |
| | A | (2) | Question No. 1 is compulsory and carrie | es 8 | 8 marks. | | | |
| | | (3) | Question Nos. 2 to 7 carry equal marks | S. | | | | |
| | | (4) | Draw well labelled diagrams wherever necessary. | | | | | |
| | (A) | Fill | in the blanks: | | | | | |
| | | (1) | Light reaction of photosynthesis takes p | lace | in region of chlorop | olast. | | |
| | | (2) | The movements in plants occurred in response to gravity stimulus is known | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | The percentage of Nitrogen in atmosphe | | | | | |
| | | (4) | Non living components of ecosystem are | e ca | alled as | ½×4=2 | | |
| | (B) | Cho | ose correct alternative (MCQ): | | | | | |
| | | (5) | The phenomenon of inducing flowering | usin | ng chilling treatment is know | n as: | | |
| | | | (a) Photoperiodism | (b) | Vernalization | | | |
| | | | (c) Phototropism | (d) | Abscission | | | |
| | | (6) | is responsible for seed germination | on. | | | | |
| | | | (a) Cytokinin | (b) | Auxin | | | |
| | | | (c) Gibberellins | (d) | ABA | | | |
| | | (7) | Swelling of dry seeds in water is: | | | | | |
| | | | (a) Absorption | (b) | Plasmolysis | | | |
| | | | (c) Diffusion | (d) | Imbibition | | | |
| | | (8) | The end product of glycolysis is: | | | | | |
| | | | (a) Malic acid | (b) | Ethanol | | | |
| | | | (c) Pyruvic acid | (d) | Citric acid | ½×4=2 | | |
| (| (C) | Ansv | wer in one sentence each: | | | | | |
| | | (9) | Define photoperiodism. | | 413 | | | |
| | | (10) | What is photolysis of water ? | | U ' | | | |
| | | (11) | Write the name of hydrophytic plants (a | ny t | two). | | | |
| | | (12) | Define food web. | | | $1 \times 4 = 4$ | | |

| 2. | Explain: | | | | |
|----|--|----|--|--|--|
| | (a) Diffusion | 4 | | | |
| | (b) Transpiration pull theory | 4 | | | |
| | (c) Career concept. | 4 | | | |
| | OR | | | | |
| | (d) Starch sugar hypothesis | 4 | | | |
| | (e) Plasmolysis | 4 | | | |
| | (f) Ion exchange. | 4 | | | |
| 3. | Describe: | | | | |
| | (g) C_3 cycle | 4 | | | |
| | (h) Photosynthetic pigments | 4 | | | |
| | (i) Krebs cycle (Schematic representation only) | 4 | | | |
| | OR | | | | |
| | (j) Non-cyclic photophosphorylation (only scheme) | 4 | | | |
| | (k) Mitochondria as a respiratory centre | 4 | | | |
| | (1) Electron transport system. | 4 | | | |
| 4. | Explain symbiotic nitrogen fixation and add note on role of nitrate reductase. | 12 | | | |
| | OR | | | | |
| | Explain: | | | | |
| | (a) Physiological role of Auxin and Cytokinin. | 6 | | | |
| | (b) Physiology of senescence. | 6 | | | |
| 5. | Explain: | | | | |
| | (m) Long day plant | 4 | | | |
| | (n) Phototropic movement | 4 | | | |
| | (o) Salinity stress. | 4 | | | |
| | OR | _ | | | |
| | (p) Concept and significance of Vernalization | 4 | | | |
| | (q) Nastic movement | 4 | | | |
| | (r) Phytochrome. | 4 | | | |
| 6. | Describe: | _ | | | |
| | (s) Composition of atmosphere | 4 | | | |
| | (t) Soil biota | 4 | | | |
| | (u) Light as ecological factor. | 4 | | | |
| | OR | | | | |
| | (v) Process of soil formation | 4 | | | |
| | (w) Morphological adaptations in hydrophytes | 4 | | | |
| _ | (x) Water as ecological factor. | 4 | | | |
| 7. | What is ecological succession? Explain hydrosere and xerosere. | 12 | | | |
| | OR | - | | | |
| | (y) Desert ecosystem (a) Density and abundance | 6 | | | |
| | (z) Density and abundance. | 6 | | | |