

B.Sc. (Part—I) Semester—I Examination

INDUSTRIAL CHEMISTRY (R/V)

Time : Three Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 80

- N.B. :—** (1) Question no. 1 is compulsory.
(2) Attempt **one** question from each Unit.
(3) Give Chemical equations and draw diagrams wherever necessary.
(4) Use of basic (non scientific) calculator is allowed.

1. (A) Fill in the blanks :

- (i) Coal is regarded as _____ fuel.
(ii) Manometer is used for measurement of _____ .
(iii) Normal composition of water gas is _____ .
(iv) Physical quantities such as length, mass, time etc. are regarded as _____ quantities. 2

(B) Choose correct alternative :

- (i) Separation of two or more miscible liquid components from each other by providing thermal energy is carried out by _____ operation.
(a) Extraction (b) Crystallization
(c) Distillation (d) Filtration
- (ii) _____ is a source of nonconventional energy.
(a) Coal (b) Wood
(c) Oil (d) Wind
- (iii) Which of the following is not the type of heat exchanger ?
(a) Parallel flow (b) Counter flow
(c) Cross flow (d) Turbulent flow
- (iv) Raffinate phase is separated during _____ operation.
(a) Distillation (b) Extraction
(c) Crystallization (d) Evaporation 2

(C) Answer in **one** sentence :

- (i) What is heat capacity ?
- (ii) State Wien's displacement law.
- (iii) Define latent heat of Vapourization.
- (iv) Define Calorific value. 4

UNIT—I

2. (A) Give the SI units of :

- (i) Pressure (ii) Work
- (iii) Enthalpy (iv) Density 4

(B) Define :

- (i) Base units (ii) Multiple units
- (iii) Molecular weight (iv) Molality 4

(C) 98 gms of H_2SO_4 is dissolved in water to prepare 1 lit. of solution. Find normality and molarity of the solution. 4

OR

3. (P) Calculate the molecular weight of :

- (i) H_2SO_4
- (ii) NH_3
- (iii) NaOH
- (iv) HCl. 4

(Q) Prove that sum of all the mole fractions in the solution is unity. 4

(R) Give an account of :

- (i) Mole percent and
- (ii) Weight percent. 4

UNIT—II

4. (A) Discuss distillation operation and give the material balance equation with block diagram. 4

- (B) Give an account on :
- (i) Limiting reactant
 - (ii) Excess reactant. 4
- (C) An evaporator operating at atmospheric pressure is fed with weak feed at a rate of 10,000 kg/hr. Weak feed that contains 15 % NaOH by weight is to be concentrated to 40 % NaOH by weight. Calculate thick product obtained and water evaporated per hour. 4

OR

5. (P) Discuss evaporation operation and give the material balance equation with block diagram. 4
- (Q) Discuss :
- (i) Stoichiometric equation
 - (ii) Stoichiometric coefficient. 4
- (R) In the production of SO_3 , 100 k mol of SO_2 and 200 k mol of O_2 are fed to reactor. The product stream is found to contain 80 k mol SO_3 . Find percent conversion of SO_2 . 4

UNIT—III

6. (A) Explain how electricity is produced by using solar energy. 4
- (B) Show the relationship between C_p and C_v . 4
- (C) Give an account on the uses of Solar energy. 4

OR

7. (P) Explain Hess's law of constant heat summation. 4
- (Q) Discuss :
- (i) Wind energy
 - (ii) Biomass energy. 4
- (R) Explain heat of reaction with an example. 4

UNIT—IV

8. (A) Explain proximate analysis of Coal. 4
- (B) Discuss destructive distillation of Coal tar. 4
- (C) Explain the process of petroleum cracking. 4

OR

9. (P) Discuss the classification of Coal. 4
(Q) What is Coal gas ? Describe the manufacturing process of Coal gas. 4
(R) Describe fractional distillation of Crude Oil. 4

UNIT—V

10. (A) Explain the phenomenon of Pool boiling. 4
(B) Discuss the phenomenon of Filmwise and Dropwise condensation. 4
(C) Explain U-tube heat exchanger. 4

OR

11. (P) Explain general heat conduction equation. 4
(Q) Discuss counter flow heat exchanger. 4
(R) Explain forced and free convection. 4

UNIT—VI

12. (A) Explain construction and working of venturimeter. 4
(B) Derive Bernoulli's equation. 4
(C) Give an account on various valves. 4

OR

13. (P) Explain the construction and working of centrifugal pump. 4
(Q) What is Reynold's number ? Give details about Reynold's experiment. 4
(R) What is fluid ? Give its classification. 4