

AT-433

B.C.A. Part—I (Semester—II) Examination

DISCRETE MATHEMATICS

Paper—2ST5

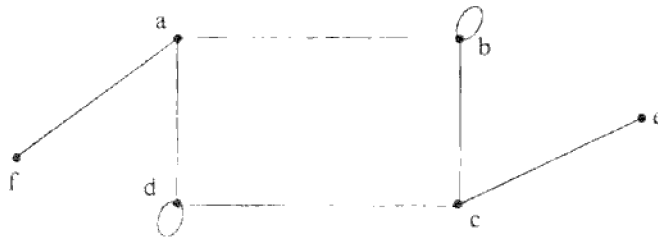
Time : Three Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 60

- Note :—** (1) All questions carry equal marks.
 (2) Attempt **ONE** question from each unit.

UNIT—I

1. (a) Define :
 (i) Degree of a Graph
 (ii) Degree of Vertex
 (iii) Isolated Vertex or Node. 6
 (b) Define adjacency matrix and find adjacency matrix from the following graph and write observations : 6

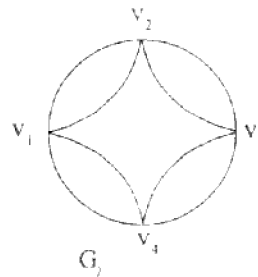
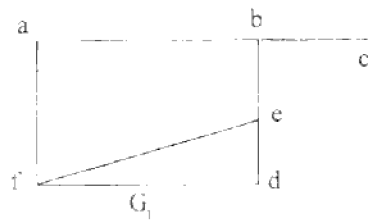


2. (p) Show that the maximum degree of any vertex in a simple graph with n vertices is $n - 1$. 6
 (q) Prove that if graph G is disconnected then its complement G^1 is connected. 6

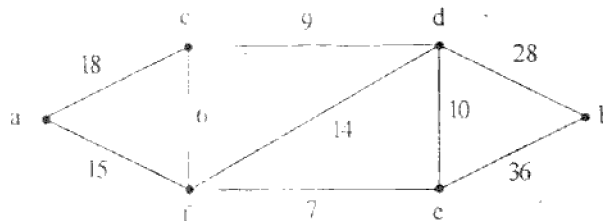
UNIT—II

3. (a) Define isthmus and prove that an edge e of a graph G is isthmus iff it does not belong to any circuit. 6

- (b) Find edge connectivity, vertex connectivity, cut edge and cut vertex of the following graphs : 6



4. (p) Find shortest path from vertex a to b by using Dijkstra's algorithm. 6



- (q) Show that the vertex connectivity of a graph G can not exceed the edge connectivity of G i.e. $K(G) \leq \lambda(G)$. 6

UNIT—III

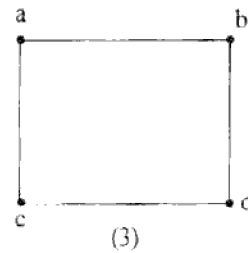
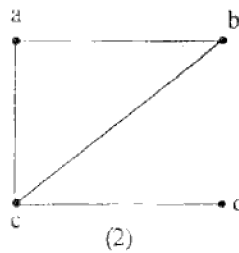
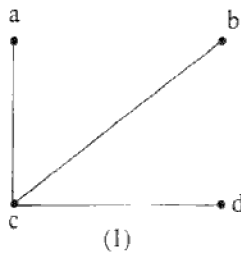
5. (a) Show that the following graph is Eulerian and trace Eulerian circuit by using Fluery's algorithm. 6



- (b) Give an example of a graph which is : 6
- (i) Eulerian and Hamiltonian
 - (ii) Neither Hamiltonian nor Eulerian
 - (iii) Eulerian but not Hamiltonian.
6. (p) Prove that an Eulerian graph G is arbitrarily traceable from vertex v in G if and only if it belongs to every circuit in G . 6

(q) Find Hamiltonian path and cycle in the following graphs :

6



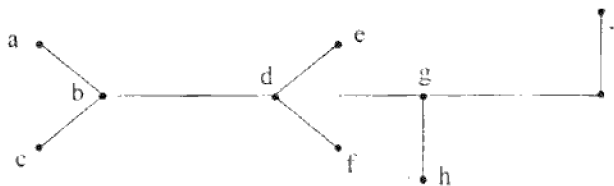
UNIT—IV

7. (a) Prove that in a binary tree of n -vertices has $\frac{(n+1)}{2}$ pendant vertices.

6

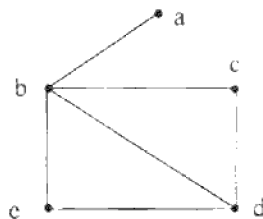
(b) Find the centre, radius and diameter of a following tree.

6



8. (p) Find all spanning tree of the following graph :

6



(q) Define tree and prove that a graph is tree if and only if there exist only one path between every pair of vertices.

6

UNIT—V

9. (a) Define :

(i) Diagraph

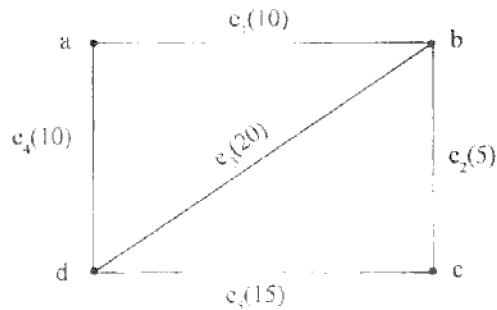
(ii) Network

(iii) Arborescence.

6

(b) Find shortest spanning tree by using Krushkal's algorithm :

6



10. (p) Draw the figure of a directed graph given formally as $V(G) = \{A, B, C, D\}$ $E(G) = \{(A, D), (B, A), (D, B), (B, C), (D, C), (B, B)\}$ and find in-degree and out-degree of each of the vertex.

6

(q) Determine maximum flow between a through z, if capacity (weight) are given on the following graph :

6

