## B.B.A. (Part-I) Examination <br> BUSINESS STATISTICS

Time-Three Hours]
[Maximum Marks-80
N.B. :- (1) Attempt all FIVE questions.
(2) All questions carry equal marks.

1. (A) Explain the importance of statistics.
(B) Calculate 'Third Quartile' from the following data :

| Class | Frequency |
| :---: | :---: |
| $9-11$ | 4 |
| $12-14$ | 11 |
| $15-17$ | 20 |
| $18-20$ | 9 |
| $21-23$ | 8 |

(C) Find the mean of the following Frequency Table :

| Wages in Rs. | No. of Workers |
| :---: | :---: |
| 55 | 06 |
| 75 | 35 |
| 165 | 60 |
| 330 | 74 |
| 375 | 25 |
| 1 | 4 |
|  | (Contd.) |

(D) Find out median :

$$
\begin{align*}
& \text { Mcan }=22 \\
& \text { Mode }=19.15 \tag{4}
\end{align*}
$$

OR
(E) Define Statistics.

4
(F) The income of 12 families is given below. Find out 'average income'.
Income in Rs. : $100,150,200,250,300,325$,
$350,400,450,475,500,600$.
4
(G) Amend the following table and locate the median from the amended table :

| Size | Frequency |
| ---: | :---: |
| $10-15$ | 10 |
| $15-17.5$ | 15 |
| $17.5-20$ | 17 |
| $20-30$ | 25 |
| $30-35$ | 28 |
| $35-40$ | 30 |
| 40 and onwards | 40 |

4
(H) Find out first quartile :

| Income in Rs. | $15-25$ | $15-35$ | $15-45$ | $15-55$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| No. of workers : | 33 | 297 | 587 | 800 |

5. From the following data, calculate Price Index Number for 2005 with 1995 as base year by :
(A) Laspeyer's Method
(B) Paasche's Method
(C) Marshall-Edgeworth Method
(D) Fisher's Ideal Method

| Commodities | 2005 |  | 2015 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Expenditure | Qty. | Expenditure | Qty. |
| A | 160 | 08 | 240 | 06 |
| B | 500 | 10 | 300 | 05 |
| C | 600 | 15 | 750 | 15 |
| D | 400 | 20 | 500 | 25 |
| OR |  |  |  |  |

(E) What is Time Series ?
(F) What is Index Number?
(G) Calculate 'Trends Values' by the method of least squares from the following data :

| Years | Sales in Thousands |
| :--- | :---: |
| 2001 | 12 |
| 2002 | 18 |
| 2003 | 20 |
| 2004 | 23 |
| 2005 | 27 |

(H) Construct Fisher's Ideal 'Index number' from the following information :

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\sum p_{1} q_{0}=8370 & \sum p_{0} q_{0}=8180 \\
\sum p_{1} q_{1}=10050 & \sum p_{0} q_{1}=9260
\end{array}
$$

(C) What is the chance of getting king in a draw from the pack of 52 playing cards?
(D) What is the chance that a non leap year should have fifty three Sundays?

## OR

(E) Explain the importance of probability.
(F) Explain the concept of complementary event. 4
(G) If from a pack of cards a single card is drawn. What is the probability that it is either a spade or a king?
(H) When a fair die is rolled, what is the probability of getting an even number on a die?
4. From the following data of the ages of husband's ( $x$ ) and the ages of wife's ( $y$ ) at marriage find the regression equation of $y$ on $x$ and obtain an estimate of $y$ which would corresponding to $x=32$ years :

| Husband's age <br> in years $(\mathrm{x})$ | 23 | 27 | 28 | 28 | 29 | 30 | 31 | 33 | 35 | 36 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Wife's age in <br> years $(\mathrm{y})$ | 18 | 20 | 22 | 27 | 21 | 29 | 27 | 29 | 28 | 29 |

## OR

Find correlation co-efficient between age and playing habit of the following students :

| Age | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| No. of sudents | 250 | 200 | 150 | 120 | 100 | 80 |
| Regular player | 200 | 150 | 90 | 48 | 30 | 12 |

2. From the following information regarding the runs scored by $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B}$ and C in the test matches. You are asked to select a batsman for the match :

| Players | Match |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\mathbf{1}$ |  | $\mathbf{2}$ |  | $\mathbf{3}$ |  |
|  | Innings |  | Innings |  | Innings |  |
|  | I | II | I | II | I | II |
| A | 20 | 80 | 80 | 13 | 32 | 100 |
| B | 100 | 110 | 21 | 02 | 05 | 95 |
| C | 82 | 25 | 53 | 45 | 56 | 69 |

OR
Find out Quartile Deviation and its coefficient :

| Above wages (in Rs.) | No. of Labour |
| :---: | :---: |
| Above 0 | 685 |
| Above 10 | 500 |
| Above 20 | 423 |
| Above 30 | 389 |
| Above 40 | 209 |
| Above 50 | 73 |
| Above 60 | 50 |
| Above 70 | 0 |

3. (A) Explain the concept of Independent Event. 4
(B) There are 17 balls number from 1 to 17 . One ball is selected by a person at random. So what is the probability that the number printed on the ball will be an even number greater than 9 but less than 17 ?
