

**M.Sc. (Semester—II) (CBCS Scheme) Examination**

**PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMISTRY**

**(Organic Synthesis)**

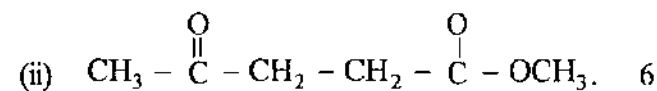
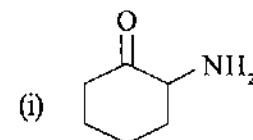
**Paper—2 SA II**

Time—Three Hours]

[Maximum Marks—80

**Note :— ALL** questions are compulsory and carry equal marks.

1. (a) Design the retrosynthesis of following molecules :

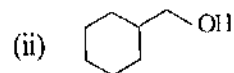
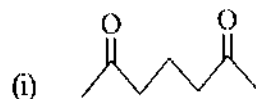


- (b) Explain the following :

- (i) Functional Group addition
  - (ii) Interconversion of functional group. 6
- (c) Discuss the formation of carbon-carbon single bond with example. 4

**OR**

(p) Design the synthesis of following molecules :



6

(q) Explain the concept of Transform and Retrons with suitable examples. 6

(r) Write the strategy for retrosynthesis of compound containing carbonyl group. 4

2. (a) Discuss the application of following inorganic synthesis :

(i) LDA

(ii) Tri-n-butyltin hydride.

6

(b) Explain following hydroxylations :

(i) Osmium tetra-oxide hydroxylation

(ii) Woodward-Prevost hydroxylation.

6

(c) What are Crown ethers ? Discuss their synthetic applications. 4

**OR**

(p) Explain the concept of Umpoloung of reactivity (dipole inversions) with examples. 6

(p) Explain the coupling reactions involving organo copper and organo nickel complexes. 6

(q) Discuss the carbene and its synthetic applications. 6

(r) Discuss C-alkylation using enolates. 4

5. (a) Discuss the selection rule for cyclo-addition of [3 + 2] addition. 6

(b) What are modern methods of cyclo-addition reactions ? 6

(c) Discuss Grignard reagent as Chiral reagent. 4

**OR**

(p) Write the applications of cyclo-addition reactions in organic synthesis. 6

(q) Write in brief on :

(i) Chiral Lewis acid catalysis

(ii) Asymmetric reduction.

6

(r) Explain the Dienes and Heterdienes with suitable examples. 4

(q) Discuss the synthetic applications of :

(i) Selenium dioxide

(ii) Gilman's reagent. 6

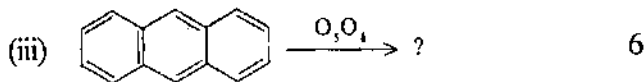
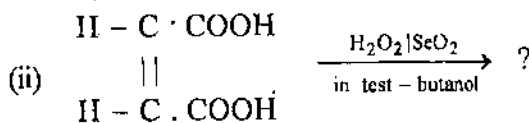
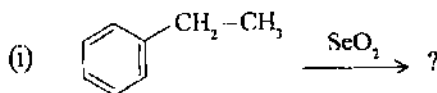
(r) What are phase transfer catalyst ? Discuss their applications in synthesis. 4

3. (a) Explain the reductions of following compounds :

(i) Ketones to alcohols, and

(ii) Alkenes to alkanes. 6

(b) Predict the products in :



(c) Explain the reduction with sodium borohydride reagent. 4

OR

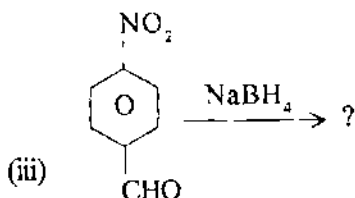
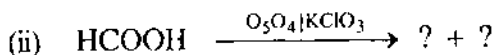
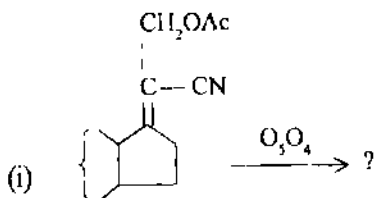
(p) Explain the oxidation in following compounds :

(i) Alcohols to ketones, and

(ii) Phenols to quinones.

6

(q) Predict the products :



6

(r) Explain catalytic hydrogenation with suitable examples.

4

4. (a) Explain the role of thio and seleno carbanions in organic synthesis.

6

(b) Write the structure of enamine and show how it acts as synthetic reagent in organic chemistry.

6

(c) Give brief account of Aldol condensation.

4

OR