First Semester M. Sc. Part-I Chemistry (CBCS)
Examination

Paper - II

## ORGANIC CHEMISTRY - I

P. Pages : 7

Time: Three Hours]

[Max. Marks: 80

Note: All questions are compulsory and carry equal marks.

- 1. (a) Define the term Aromaticity. How is it related with Huckel rule? Explain for benzenoid compounds.
  - (b) Explain why cyclopentadiene is not aromatic while its anion is aromatic in nature?

c) Discuss-Bonding in fullerenes.

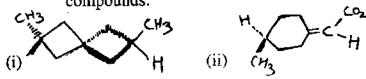
OR

- (p) Comment on alternant and non-alternant hydrocarbons.
- (q) Which of the following species is aromatic?

  Justify your answer:
  - i) [10] Annulene (ii) [8] Annulene
  - (iii) [20] Annulene

6

- (r) Discuss in Brief :--
  - (i) Antiaromaticity
  - (ii) Aromatic characters of tropyllium cation.
- 2. (a) What are diastereomers? Bring out differences between enantiomers and diastereomers.
  - (b) What is asymmetric synthesis? Give any two examples.
  - (c) Comment on 'optical activity' of following compounds.



OR

- (p) Write the two conformations of cis and trans isomers of 1-bromo 4.t butyl cyclohexane and comment on the favoured conformations in each case.
- (q) How will you resolve racemic Lactic acid into optically active forms?
- (r) Comment on the chirality of unsymmetrical sulfoxides.

(q) Suggest the mechanism for this rearrangement.

- (r) Discuss the Benzyne mechanism for Nucleophilic aromatic substitution. 4
- (s) Comment upon cleavage of quaternary ammonium salt.



AQ-824

- (b) Explain, how do the following factors affect the Aromatic Nucleophilic substitution.
  - (i) Structure of substrate.
  - (ii) Leaving group,
  - (iii) Attacking Nucleophile.

6

(c) Complete the following reactions:-

(ii) 
$$\searrow$$
  $\stackrel{S}{\searrow}$   $\stackrel{CH_3I}{\longrightarrow}$   $\stackrel{\triangle}{\longrightarrow}$ 

(iii) 
$$R - \stackrel{R}{C} - \stackrel{R}{C} - R \xrightarrow{Ca-Hg} ?$$

$$NO_2 \quad NO_2$$

(iv) 
$$+$$
 NaOMe  $\xrightarrow{O^0C}$  ?

OR

(p) State Saytzeff rule, Illustrate its mechanism by giving suitable example. 4

- (s) What do you understand by symmetry elements? Explain.
- 3. (a) Define and Illustrate the term kinetic Isotope effect. How does the knowledge of Isotope effect help is establishing the mechanism of a reaction? Explain with suitable example.

(b) Comment on :-

(i) Steric effect.

(ii) Curtin-Hammet Principle.

(c) match the 'o' (rho) value with appropriate reaction, justify your answer.

$$\varrho = + 2.51$$
,  $\varrho = -2.69$ ,  $\varrho = + 1.00$ ,  $\varrho = + 0.79$ 

- (i) ArCO<sub>2</sub>H ionisation in H<sub>2</sub>O.
- (ii) ArNH<sub>2</sub> with Phoool in C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub>.
- (iii) Arco<sub>2</sub>Et hydrolysis (Base) in ag etOH.
- (iv) ArCH<sub>2</sub> C1 with  $I^{\Theta}$  in Me<sub>2</sub>CO(20<sup>0</sup>).

OR

- (p) Discuss the physical significance of
  - (i) Reaction constant
  - (ii) Steric substituent parameter (Ès). 4

AQ - 824

3

P.T.O.

(g) What would be the products if the following hydrolysis were carried out in water labelled with 18<sub>0</sub>? Explain.

(i)  $CH_3 - C - O - C5H_{11} + H_{20}^{18} OH$ 

- (ii) HO OCCH<sub>2</sub> CH<sub>2</sub>- $\mathbb{C}$ -O C<sub>2</sub> H<sub>5</sub> + H<sub>2</sub> $^{18}$   $\overset{\circ}{\text{H}}$
- Explain how T.S. resembles the reactant more than the product in exothermic reactions.
- Explain the ortho-para directing ability of (-OH) hydroxyl group in electrophilic aromatic substitution.
- What are carbene intermediates? Explain the singlet and triplet structure of carbenes. 5
  - (b) What do you mean by ambient substrate? With suitable example explain the regiospecificity.
  - Give an account of
    - Dehydration using DCC.
    - (ii) Benzene intermediate.

Complete the following:-

(ii) 
$$R-Br + AgCN \longrightarrow ?$$

(ii) 
$$R-Br + AgCN \longrightarrow ?$$
  
(iii)  $C_2H_5 - O - C-N_3 \xrightarrow{hr} ?$ 

(iv) 
$$\Box$$
 + CH<sub>2</sub>I<sub>2</sub> + Z<sub>n</sub> (C<sub>4</sub>) ether > ? 4

- What are carbanions? Discuss the structure and stability of carbanions.
- Discuss the mechanism, stereochemistry and effect of nucleophilicity in SN<sup>2</sup> reaction. 5
- Give the structure and type of intermediate formed in the following reactions:--

(i) CH<sub>3</sub>CH (OH) CH<sub>3</sub> + H<sup>$$\oplus$$</sup>  $\stackrel{\Delta}{\rightarrow}$ ? + H<sub>2</sub>O.

(ii) 
$$CH_3 CH_2 - N = N - CH_2 - H_3 \xrightarrow{\Delta} ? + N_2.$$

(a) Give an account for syn and anti elimination. 5.

AQ -824

P.T.O.